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TITLE: Relationships Between IGF-1, IGF-Binding Proteins and

Diet in African American and Caucasian Men

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Form Approved REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE OMB No. 074-0188 Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for the data needed, and completing and reviewing this conection of information. Send committees regarding this burden to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503 3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED 2. REPORT DATE 1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank) Annual (15 Dec 00 - 14 Dec 01) January 2002 5. FUNDING NUMBERS 4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Relationships Between IGF-1, IGF-Binding Proteins and Diet in DAMD17-00-1-0024 African American and Caucasian Men 6. AUTHOR(S) Tanya Agurs-Collins, Ph.D. 8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) REPORT NUMBER Howard University Cancer Center Washington, DC 20060 E-Mail: tagurs-collins@fac.howard.edu 10. SPONSORING / MONITORING 9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) **AGENCY REPORT NUMBER** U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012 20020930 076 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE 12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited 13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 Words) The study aims to determine racial differences between insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1), insulin-like binding protein-2 (IGFBP-2), insulin-like binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3), prostate specific antigen (PSA), testosterone, body mass index (BMI), and diets high in calories, protein and fat. Specifically, the study objectives are to: define racial differences in serum levels of free and total IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3, and testosterone; define how diet and BMI impact serum levels of IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3, testosterone and PSA in African American and Caucasian men; and determine the associations between serum levels of free and total IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3, testosterone, PSA, BMI and specific nutrients. The proposed study will help to explain the increased risk of prostate cancer for African American men and the role of specific nutrients in influencing IGF-1 and IGF-binding protein concentrations. This report covers primarily patient accrual activities during the first and second year of the project. These activities include finalizing the clinical protocol, hiring and training of study personnel, reviewing clinical questionnaires to determine study eligibility, and determination of stored frozen samples for use. A total of 544 men

were recruited to participate in the study. Approximately 599 assays have been analyzed for IGF-1, IGFBP-2, and IGFBP-3. A total of 100 men were stratified and randomized for the telephone interview. Of this number, 25 men were interviewed to determine nutritional intake.

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Introduction

Presently, prostate cancer is the most common cancer in U.S. males. In 1999, the American Cancer Society estimates that 179,300 new cases will be diagnosed and approximately 37,000 men will die from metastatic prostate cancer (1). The incidence and mortality rates are even greater in African-American men than among other racial or ethnic populations in the world. Prostate cancer incidence rates are nearly two times higher for African-American men than for white men (2). The incidence and mortality rate for prostate cancer in the Washington, D.C. area is the highest in the world. Moreover, the rate of increase in prostate cancer occurs earlier for black males than white males (3). Evidence suggest that African Americans may be at higher risk since they consume diets higher in energy and fat and have made smaller changes in decreasing fat intake when compared to Caucasian men (4).

Insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) and IGF-binding proteins have been implicated in the carcinogenesis of breast, prostate and other hormone dependent cancers. Insulin-like growth factor-1 functions in an autocrine and paracrine manner to promote normal growth and malignant cellular proliferation (5-7). IGF-1 is produced by normal prostate cells (8) prostate cancer cells (9) and has mitogenic and antiapoptotic effects (10,11) on prostate epithelial cells (12). Several epidemiological studies have shown increased plasma levels of IGF-1 to be a strong risk factor for prostate cancer (13-15). Chan et al. (14) examined plasma levels of IGF-1 and IGFBP-3 in a prospective case-control study and found mean levels of IGF-1 to be significantly elevated among the prostate cases when compared to the controls. The relative risk was 4.3 (95% CI= 1.8-10.6) for men in the highest quartile of IGF-1 levels when compared with men in the lowest quartile. Higher plasma IGF-1 concentrations were associated with higher rates of malignancy in the prostate gland. Also, plasma levels of IGFBP-3 were inversely associated with risk after controlling for IGF-1 levels.

Another study (15) found a statistically significant positive association between serum levels of IGF-1 and risk of prostate cancer (OR=1.51; 95% CI=1.0-2.26 per 100 ng/ml increment). In this study serum levels of IGFBP-3 were not significantly associated with prostate cancer risk. However, Kanety et al. (16) found that patients with metastatic prostate cancer had significant reductions in both the absolute and relative amounts of IGFBP-3 and significantly higher serum IGFBP-2 concentrations when compared with the controls. The authors suggested that IGFBP's might be involved in growth modulation of prostate malignancy.

Several researchers have reported elevated serum IGFBP-2 concentrations (16-18) in patients with prostate cancer. It was suggested that elevations in serum IGFBP-2 concentrations might be unique to the carcinomatous condition (17). Ho et al. (18) suggested that IGFBP-2 might function as an IGF scavenger when the capacity of

IGFBP-3 to bind IGF-1 in the serum is insufficient in patients with prostate cancer. Taken together, these studies strongly support a relationship between IGF-1, specific IGF-binding proteins and prostate cancer risk. To date, no published studies have examined racial difference in IGF-1 levels or systematically examined these associations in a healthy high risk screening population.

Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA), produced by the prostate epithelium, is elevated in patients with prostate cancer. Thus, PSA is considered a sensitive marker to monitor and detect disease. Studies show that PSA correlates with IGF-binding proteins. Ho et al. (18) found a positive correlation between serum levels of IGFBP-2 and PSA levels in patients with prostate cancer. The study results suggest that serum IGFBP-2 levels, like PSA, may reflect the tumor load in prostate cancer. Kanety et al. (16) also found that serum IGFBP-2 levels and its percentage of the total IGFBPs were highly positively correlated with serum PSA. In that study, a negative correlation was also found between IGFBP-3 and PSA. (16). These studies are consistent with findings in another study that showed IGFBP-2 elevated to a similar mean level when serum PSA was greater than 150 ug/l (17). It was suggested that the proteolysis effect of PSA on IGFBP potentiates the growth-promoting effects of IGF-1 on prostate cells. The researchers believe that PSA might serve to modulate IGF function within the reproductive system or in prostate cancer by altering IGF-IGFBP-3 interaction (17).

Researchers have examined various androgens as possible risk factors for prostate cancer. Ross et al (19) demonstrated that young African-American men had serum testosterone levels that were approximately 15% higher than their white counterparts. Research conducted by Erfurth et al. (20) showed that in a group of healthy men serum levels of IGF-1 increased with increasing free testosterone (p=0.005). In this study IGFBP-1 was significantly and positively correlated with free-testosterone and total testosterone.

Environmental factors, such as obesity and diet, have been shown to influence prostate cancer risk. Obesity has been shown to be associated with endocrine changes and is believed to be a risk factor for prostate cancer. Although the relationship between prostate cancer and obesity is somewhat inconsistent, two retrospective studies (21,22) and several prospective studies (23-26) have reported associations with body mass index (BMI) and prostate cancer risk. Andersson et al. (26) conducted a prospective study of 135,000 male construction workers who were followed for an average of 18 years. This study revealed a positive association of weight, height, BMI and lean body mass with risk of prostate cancer. Moreover, these anthropometric measures were more strongly associated with mortality. Obesity is also believed to be associated with IGF-1 levels. In a study of healthy males, free IGF-1 concentrations were higher in obese subjects than in normal controls (27). IGFBP-2 concentrations were also suppressed in the obese subjects. The researchers suggested that overnutrition and chronic hyperinsulinamia in obesity might alter the regulated growth response by insulin stimulation of IGF-1 production and suppression of hepatic IGFBP-1 and IGFBP-2 production, which may inhibit IGF-1 bioactivity.

Nutrition is a key regulator of IGF's and IGF-binding proteins (28) and prostate cancer risk. Specifically, energy restriction is associated with lower concentrations of IGF-1 (28,29) and a reduction in tumor growth, thus favoring cell apoptosis over cell proliferation (15). Isley et al. (30) showed diets deficient in protein and energy intake

decreased IGF-1 levels. In this study, changes in serum IGF-1 concentrations correlated significantly with mean daily nitrogen balance. Also, serum levels of IGFBP-2 and IGFBP-3 are inversely regulated by dietary protein and caloric intake as well as fasting (28). Investigators (31-33) have shown significant positive associations between total energy intake, dietary fat intake and prostrate cancer risk. These associations were more pronounced for cases with aggressive cancers (31,33). Andersson et al. (33) hypothesized that a high-energy, high fat, high-protein diet might influence prostate cancer risk mediated by IGF-1 concentrations. However, the relationships between IGF-1 and specific nutrients are not well understood, and those factors and the mechanisms of action requires further study.

Diet and obesity may play a significant role in understanding the relationships between serum IGF-1, IGFBP-2 and IGFBP-3 concentrations and prostate cancer risk. We believe serum levels of IGF-1, IGFBP-2 and IGFBP-3 may influence the etiology of prostate cancer and can serve as markers for this disease. Also, a low-fat, high-fiber diet has been shown to decrease circulating testosterone levels by altering male sex hormone metabolism (34,35). The proposed study can increase our understanding of the role of diet and obesity in modulating serum IGF-1 and IGF-binding proteins. Thus, reducing body weight/body fat may prevent or reduce prostate cancer risk. Understanding the associations between IGF-1, specific IGF-binding proteins, testosterone, PSA, BMI and diet in a healthy, screening population may help to better understand the etiology of this disease.

Hypotheses/Purpose

The purpose of this study is to examine racial differences in prostate cancer risk in a healthy high risk screening population of African American and Caucasian males. The associations between IGF-1, IGF-binding proteins (2&3), PSA testosterone, and BMI will be examined. Study hypotheses to be tested are:

The study aims to determine racial differences between IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3, PSA, testosterone, BMI, and diets high in calories, protein and fat. Specifically, the study objectives are to:

- define racial differences in serum levels of free and total IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3, and testosterone
- define how diet and BMI impact serum levels of IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3, testosterone and PSA in African American and Caucasian men.
- determine the associations between serum levels of free and total IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3, testosterone, PSA, BMI and specific nutrients.

The proposed study will help to explain the increased risk of prostate cancer for African American men and the role of specific nutrients in influencing IGF-1 and IGF-binding protein concentrations.

BODY

Study progress during the first and second year of funding will be described below, with respect to each of the tasks listed in the Statement of Work.

Statement of Work

Task 1: Months 1-3: Hiring and Training of Staff

The grant was officially awarded December 1999, but did not start until April 2000 due to concerns expressed by the Human Subjects Protection, AMDEX Corporation. In March, a medical research assistant was employed to work on the project. Study protocol was finalized and a training session was held to discuss study goals, objectives, protocols, responsibilities and data collection procedures.

Task 2: Months 3-4: Obtain and review clinical questionnaires of 1,517 men who participated in prostate screenings to identify men eligible for the study

The clinical questionnaires were obtained from the men who participated in the prostate screenings. The questionnaires were categorized by race, age, and cancer status. Computer entries of all questionnaires were inputted in Microsoft Excel.

Task 3: Months 4-5: Obtain PSA values for men who are eligible for the study. PSA results were obtained for all men who had stored serum. Computer entry of results was inputted in Microsoft Excel.

Task 4: Months 4-5: Work with Director of Serum Bank to retrieve serum for men eligible for the study.

We are worked closely with the Dr. Bruce Trock, who was the Serum Bank Director, Lombardi Cancer Center, Georgetown University. Dr. Trock informed us that many of the stored samples were frozen in the wrong tubes, stored as whole blood, or were not centrifuged. Therefore, we conducted preliminary analysis to determine the reliability and validity of IGF-1, IGFBP-2, and IGFBP-3 in whole blood when compared to serum. Samples were obtained from 10 volunteers participating in Dr. Trocks project. Dr. Kevin Cullen, who is an investigator with this project, had his lab to conduct the comparative analysis. Results from the analysis revealed that the samples were not appropriate for our study. Therefore, we recruited new men who came to prostate

screenings at the Lombardi Cancer Center and the Howard University Cancer Center. To date, we have recruited 544 men and have collected serum samples for this project.

Task 5: Months 5-8: Analyze serum for IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3 and testosterone.

Serum analysis is currently being conducted in Dr. Kevin Cullen's laboratory at the Lombardi Cancer Center. To date, approximately 599 assays are completed. This includes 271 assays analyzed for IGF-1, 200 assays analyzed for IGFBP-2 and 128 assays analyzed for IGFBP-3. See appendices for assay methodology, assays completed and standard curves.

Task 6: Months 6: Stratify and randomize over 300 men for telephone interview. We have stratified and randomized approximately 100 men who are eligible for the telephone interview.

Task 7: Months 6-8: Send letters to 300 men requesting telephone interview. Letters have been sent to 100 men requesting an interview.

Task 8: Months 7-13: Call 300 men to schedule telephone interview. Approximately 40 men have scheduled an interview.

Task 9: Months 8-20: Conduct telephone interview.

Twenty- five men were administered a nutrition food frequency questionnaire over the telephone.

Task 10: Months 9-21: Mail monetary incentive to interviewees.

Monetary incentives have been sent to 20 men who completed the interview.

Task 11: Months 15-24: Data entry and analyze; complete final report. Have not yet addressed.

KEY RESEARCH ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Hired and trained personnel working on project.
- Finalization of study protocol.
- Obtained and reviewed clinical questionnaires of 1,517 men who had stored serum.
- Preliminary analysis to determine if stored blood was appropriated for our study.
- Obtained PSA values for men who had stored blood.
- Data entry of clinical information from questionnaires and PSA values.
- Recruited 544 men who participated in recent prostate screenings.
- Completed 599 assays consisting of IGF-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-3.
- Stratified and randomized 100 men for the telephone interview.
- Conducted telephone interview with 25 study participants.

REPORTABLE OUTCOMES

None at this time.

CONCLUSIONS

Study personnel was hired and trained. The clinical protocol was finalized. Approximately 1500 clinical questionnaires were reviewed to determine which men were eligible for the study. Data entry of clinical information and PSA's were completed for all eligible subjects. However, there were unanticipated obstacles in sorting out which frozen blood samples were appropriate for analysis of study variables. Preliminary analysis was conducted to compare the validity and reliability of IGF-1, IGFBP-2, and IGFBP-3 in whole blood versus serum. It was determined that the frozen blood samples (whole blood) were not appropriate for use in this study.

Since the frozen samples of whole blood could not be used for this project, we began recruiting men who attended prostate screenings at the Lombardi Cancer Center and the Howard University Cancer Center. To date, we have recruited 544 men. From these men, approximately 599 assays have been analyzed for IGF-1, IGFBP-2, and IGFBP-3. A total of 100 men were stratified and randomized for the telephone interview. Letters requesting a telephone interview were sent to 100 men. Of this number 25 men were interviewed to determine nutrition intake.

In December 2001, we requested a no-cost one-year extension of this project to allow additional time for recruiting study participants and to analyze serum samples for study variables. Our request was approved. We are confident that the study objectives will be completed at that time.

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APPENDICES

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

IGF	insulin growth factor type 1
IGFBP-2	insulin growth factor binding protein 2
IGFBP-3	insulin growth factor binding protein 3
PSA	prostate-specific androgen

SERUM ASSAY METHODOLOGY

IGFBP-2 Assay

IGFBP2 Radioimmunoassay (RIA) (Diagnostics Systems Laboratories (DSL), Webster, Texas; kit DSL-7100): Serum samples were assayed in duplicate according to the manufacturer's instructions. The RIA procedure measures competition between a radioactive and non-radioactive antigen for a fixed number of antigen binding sites. The amount of I125-labeled IGFBP-2 bound to the antibody is inversely proportional to the concentration of unlabeled IGFBP-2 present. Separation of the free and bound antigen is achieved by using a double antibody system. Briefly, serum specimens were preincubated with anti-IGFBP2 polyclonal antibody, incubated further (overnight) after the addition of I125-labeled IGFBP-2, and antigen-bound antibody was precipitated using polyclonal anti-rabbit gamma globulin serum in a buffer containing polyethylene glycol. Sample radioactivity was measured in a gamma counter (Packard Cobra II Auto-Gamma). Results were determined from a semilog standard curve plotting %B/Bzero [mean sample counts – nonspecific background counts (NSB)] / [mean counts of 0 ng/ml standard – NSB] versus the log of standard IGFBP-2 concentrations, as recommended by the manufacturer.

Two supplied controls were included on each assay plate, Level I (low, 5.5 +/- 1.6) and Level II (high, 18 +/- 5.4). On one occasion (12/14/01 assay), the Level II assayed value (24. 8) was slightly outside the confidence interval determined by the manufacturer (12.6 - 23.4). The Level I value was within range (6.1). The modest departure of the Level II value from the confidence interval was not considered sufficient to exclude the assay results. For all other assays, control values fell within range.

Serum samples were diluted 1:30, 1:40 or 1:50. The first assay (11/21/01) was performed using the manufacturer's typical recommended dilution of 1:50. Based on those results, where 11 of 40 samples fell below the lowest standard, the dilution was adjusted to 1:40 for the second assay (12/1/01). Since 10 of 40 samples fell below the lowest standard at that dilution, the dilution was adjusted to 1:30 for the third assay (12/7/01), and all but one sample fell within range of the standard curve. Subsequent assays were performed using a dilution of 1:30. Samples for which a serum IGFBP-2 value could not determine because the diluted sample was below the lowest standard will be retested at a lower dilution. All other values within the range of the standard curve were valid and are reported.

Serum IGF1 Assay

Non-extraction IGF-1 Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) (DSL, kit DSL-10-2800): Serum samples were assayed in duplicate according to the manufacturer's instructions. The ELISA procedure is an enzymatically amplified sandwich immunoassay. Absorbance measurement from a colorimetric reaction is directly proportional to the concentration of IGF-1 present. Briefly, following overnight

pretreatment in sample buffer, samples were incubated in microplate wells coated with an anti-IGF1 antibody. Wells were washed, and enzyme-conjugated anti-IGF1 antibody added for a second incubation. Following washing, the substrate tetramethylbenzidine was added. The reaction was stopped after ten minutes with an acidic stopping solution, and the absorbance at 450 nm determined using a microplate reader (Molecular Devices THERMOmax). Sample IGF1 values were determined from a standard curve plotting the log of mean absorbance versus the log of standard IGF-1 concentrations, as recommended by the manufacturer.

Two supplied controls were included on each assay plate. For all assays, assayed values for the controls were within the manufacturer's confidence intervals.

Serum IGFBP-3 Assay

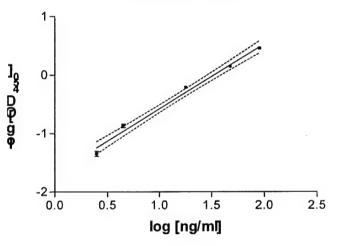
IGFBP-3 ELISA (DSL, kit DSL-10-6600): Serum samples were assayed in duplicate according to the manufacturer's instructions. Briefly, diluted serum samples were incubated in microplate wells coated with an anti-IGFBP-3 polyclonal antibody. Wells were washed, and enzyme-conjugated anti-IGFBP-3 polyclonal antibody added for a second incubation. Following washing, the substrate tetramethylbenzidine was added. The reaction was stopped after ten minutes with an acidic stopping solution, and the absorbance at 450 nm determined using a microplate reader. Sample IGFBP-3 values were determined from a standard curve plotting the log of mean absorbance versus the log of standard IGFBP-3 concentrations, as recommended by the manufacturer. Two supplied controls were included on each assay plate. For each assay, assayed values for the controls were within the confidence interval determined by the manufacturer.

sample Patient ng/ml SEM 1 628 4183 31 2 624 3682 29 3 735 3967 73 4 761 1935 4 5 504 3861 51 6 3 4452 97 7 782 3024 32 8 795 2221 137 9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>IGF-BP3</th><th></th></t<>			IGF-BP3	
2 624 3682 29 3 735 3967 73 4 761 1935 4 5 504 3861 51 6 3 4452 97 7 782 3024 32 8 795 2221 137 9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778	sample	Patient		SEM
3 735 3967 73 4 761 1935 4 5 504 3861 51 6 3 4452 97 7 782 3024 32 8 795 2221 137 9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981	1	628	4183	31
4 761 1935 4 5 504 3861 51 6 3 4452 97 7 782 3024 32 8 795 2221 137 9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 <t< td=""><td>2</td><td>624</td><td>3682</td><td>29</td></t<>	2	624	3682	29
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6 3 4452 97 7 782 3024 32 8 795 2221 137 9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478	4	761	1935	4
7 782 3024 32 8 795 2221 137 9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739	5	504	3861	51
8 795 2221 137 9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159	6	3	4452	97
9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159 35 30 38 3179	7	782	3024	32
9 28 2220 74 10 800 3022 172 11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159 35 30 38 3179	8	795	2221	137
11 32 3470 94 12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159 35 30 38 3179 108 31 609 3752 26 32 36 3942	9	28	2220	74
12 750 3548 61 13 584 2876 45 14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159 35 30 38 3179 108 31 609 3752 26 32 36 3942 40 33 69 2627	10	800	3022	172
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14 33 2287 25 15 31 4878 404 16 788 2738 40 17 654 3483 11 18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159 35 30 38 3179 108 31 609 3752 26 32 36 3942 40 33 69 2627 219 34 792 3154 532 35 16 2600 15 36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63		750	3548	61
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18 745 2341 110 19 10 2635 354 20 34 4342 157 21 41 3518 2 22 4 2782 19 23 14 2778 0 24 535 3981 420 25 451 2632 70 26 611 2977 34 27 476 3478 120 28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159 35 30 38 3179 108 31 609 3752 26 32 36 3942 40 33 69 2627 219 34 792 3154 532 35 16 2600 15 36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11</td>				11
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28 467 3739 93 29 657 3159 35 30 38 3179 108 31 609 3752 26 32 36 3942 40 33 69 2627 219 34 792 3154 532 35 16 2600 15 36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68	26	611	2977	34
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32 36 3942 40 33 69 2627 219 34 792 3154 532 35 16 2600 15 36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68	30	38	3179	108
33 69 2627 219 34 792 3154 532 35 16 2600 15 36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68	31	609	3752	26
34 792 3154 532 35 16 2600 15 36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68	32	36	3942	40
35 16 2600 15 36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68	33	69	2627	219
36 748 3250 86 37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68	34	792	3154	532
37 471 3050 92 38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68	35	16	2600	15
38 525 2395 63 39 614 4717 68		748	3250	86
39 614 4717 68	37	471	3050	92
	38	525	2395	63
40 105 3958 71	39	614	4717	68
	40	105	3958	71

Number of values	40
Minimum	1935
25% Percentile	2687
Median	3169
75% Percentile	3807
Maximum	4878
Mean	3271
Std. Deviation	728.2
Std. Error	115.1
Lower 95% CI	3038
Upper 95% CI	3504

Controls	observed	expected
Level I	5.7 +/2	4.5 +/- 1.5
Level II	22.7 +/6	18 +/- 5.5

1/31/02 IGFBP-3 ELISA Standard Curve



sample 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Patient 115 29 640 63 92 528 70 612 15 615 758 602 770 581 656 769 72 626 565 618 540 23 762 90 491 73 508	IGF-BP3 ng/ml 2549 2082 3514 3131 3464 2219 2692 3452 2975 2288 2807 2843 3084 2404 3241 2822 2368 2656 2712 2436 2384 2018 2816 2667 1528 2659 2091	SEM 12 44 133 1109 290 76 203 319 356 233 261 37 8 125 58 65 137 232 29 93 137 44 384 41 98 57 188
21	540	2384	137
24	90	2667	41
28	690	2509	69
29	747	2598	12
30 31	51 520	3431 2082	41 4
32	727	1599	43
33	548	2986	98
34	821	2505	105
35 36	732 485	2295 2639	72 28
37	145	3031	185
38	822	4488	21
39	590	3859	79
40	513	4686	0

Number of values	40
Minimum	1528
25% Percentile	2376
Median	2663
75% Percentile	3058
Maximum	4686
Mean	2765
Std. Deviation	657.2
Std. Error	103.9
Lower 95% CI	2555
Upper 95% CI	2975

<u>Controls</u>	observed	expected
Level I	5.1 +/- 0.0	4.5 +/- 1.5
Level II	21.6 +/- 1.0	18 +/- 5.5

2/7/02 IGFBP-3 ELISA **Standard Curve**

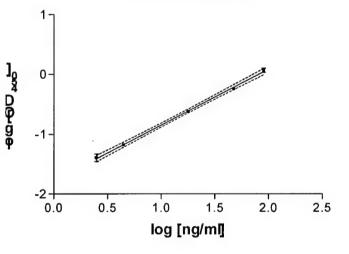


PLATE 1

		IGFBP-3	
Sample	Patient	ng/ml	SEM
1	5	3155	14
2	9	4806	82
3	22	3590	10
4	29	4100	46
5	31	3645	12
6	32	3272	38
7	33	2650	175
8	34	2827	14
9	35	3707	54
10	36	5447	143
11	37	3151	22
12	38	4704	40
13	39	4449	40
14	40	3292	79
15	41	4734	261
16	42	5094	40
17	43	3322	194
18	46	5737	168
19	48	3306	105
20	49	3504	225
21	50	3023	12
22	51	3250	174
23	52	6307	0
24	53	3733	16
25	55	3779	42
26	56	3433	75
27	58	4401	4
28	59	3163	42
29	60	3250	36
30	61	5272	28
31	62	5357	248
32	63	5816	160
33	64	3564	109
34	65 66	4941	157
35	66	3721	36
36	67 60	3540	64
37	68	3520	80
38	70 71	4381	279
39	71	3290	56
40	72	3280	14

Number of values	40
Minimum	2650
25% Percentile	3285
Median	3617
75% Percentile	4719
Maximum	6307
Mean	3988
Std. Deviation	929
Std. Error	146.9
Lower 95% CI	3691
Upper 95% CI	4285

Controls observed expected Level I 4.4 +/- 0.0 4.5 +/- 1.5 Level II 15.0 +/- 0.4 18 +/- 5.5

4/16/01 IGFBP-3 ELISA Standard Curve Plate 1

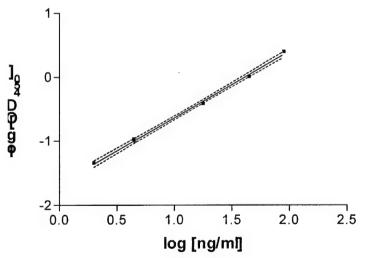


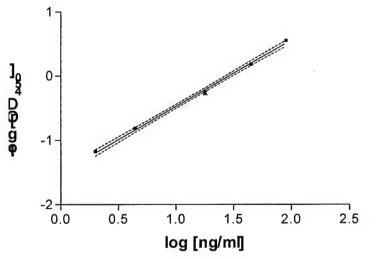
PLATE 2

		IGFBP-3	
Sample	Patient	ng/ml	SEM
1	73	6290	105
2	75	3577	132
3	77	4465	121
4	78	6746	343
5	79	3114	78
6	80	3504	45
7	82	4316	25
8	84	4660	43
9	85	3214	3
10	88	4114	39
11 '	89	3702	27
12	89	3343	107
13	91	5059	175
14	92	3418	32
15	93	2936	24
16	94	4086	34
17	95	3696	164
18	96	5768	260
19	99	3658	104
20	100	2615	57
21	101	4466	86
22	102	4093	52
23	103	4078	243
24	104	4278	88
25	105	5657	183
26	106	5423	179
27	107	3100	18
28	108	4815	257
29	109	4910	279
30	110	4239	186
31	111	4329	156
32	112	2709	17
33	113	5206	22
34	114	2538	148
35	115	3114	66
36	116	3766	85
37	117	5315	4
38	118	3919	101
39	119	4151	224
40	120	4847	114.0

	40
Number of values	40
Minimum	2538
25% Percentile	3461
Median	4104
75% Percentile	4831
Maximum	6746
Mean	4181
Std. Deviation	994.4
Std. Error	157.2
Lower 95% CI	3863
Upper 95% CI	4499

Controls	observed	expected
Level I	5.1 +/- 0.0	4.5 +/- 1.5
Level II	17.1 +/- 0.1	18 +/- 5.5

4/16/01 IGFBP-3 ELISA Standard Curve Plate 2



PLAT	Ε	3			
	10	٦F	RI	D _	3

		IGFBP-3							
Sample	Patient	ng/ml	SEM						
1	121	4523	13.9			Number of values	40		
2	122	5809	64.1						
3	123	5115	119.6			Minimum	2211		
4	124	3355	62.3			25% Percentile	3620		
5	125	5046	44.5			Median	4549		
6	126	3574	29.5			75% Percentile	5444		
7	127	4455	168.0			Maximum	6614		
8	128	6120	332.0						
9	129	4418	146.4			Mean	4529		
10	130	2251	28.4			Std. Deviation	1253		
11	131	2707	204.0			Std. Error	198		
12	132	3349	281.8						
13	133	4705	81.5			Lower 95% CI	4128		
14	134	2211	36.4			Upper 95% CI	4929		
15	135	4898	483.7					•	
16	136	3667	228.1			Controls	observed	expected	
17	137	5162	118.0			Level I	5.1 +/- 0	4.5 +/- 1.5	
18	139	4051	208.7			Level II	17.8 +/5	18 +/- 5.5	
19	140	4498	417.4						
20	141	5710	236.7						
21	142	6614	4.6			4/16/01 IG	FRD-3 FI	ISA	
22	144	6394	215.9						
23	145	2631	4.7				ard Curv	е	
24	146	4255	103.4			P	late 3		
25	147	3681	31.0						
26	148	6081	574.3		17				
27	149	2309	11.1						
28	150	4998	46.0						
29	151	6216	7.6	1.	0-				
30	151	6548	53.2	_004 D(Ð-0)⊕	0-7		nick the little of the little		
31	152	4198	24.7	Ď		.52.75	rational and the second		
32	153	5220	191.5	Φ					
33	155	4574	36.9	ġ	-1-				
34	156	5818	149.5	φ	- '				
35	156	5493	209.5						
36	157	3252	202.6						
37	159	2952	81.3		-2 +				
38	160	3695	79.1		0.0	0.5 1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5
39	161	5395	53.6						
40	162	5193	133.3			iog	[ng/ml]		

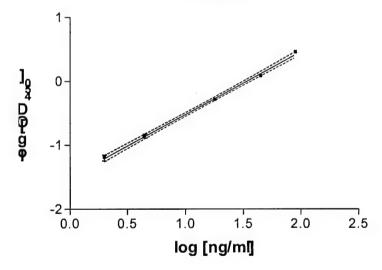
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	FLA		
		IGFBP-3	
Sample	Patient	ng/ml	SEM
1	163	4486	4395.3
2	164	4249	4011.2
3	165	3760	3596.4
4	166	4249	4140.4
5	167	5965	6513.3
6	168	4409	4465.2
7	169	3576	3662.6
8	170	5141	5670.1
9	172	4172	4084.5
10	173	5239	5522.7
11	174	4906	5252.8
12	175	5218	5371.9
13	176	4151	4594.6
14	177	5347	5596.4
15	178	4325	4559.6
16	182	4630	5179.2
17	183	5291	5347.4
18	184	2153	2163.6
19	185	4486	4671.5
20	186	3057	3217.1
21	Crump	5712	5943.9
22	Darnell	5015	5210.7
23	Davis	3210	3669.6
24	Franko	4619	4941.0
25	Gerry	2651	2738.0
26	Harris	4616	4962.0
27	Key	3516	4091.5
28	Rogers	5193	5378.9

Number of values	28
Minimum	2153
25% Percentile	3956
Median	4486
75% Percentile	5167
Maximum	5965
Mean	4405
Std. Deviation	914.2
Std. Error	172.8
Lower 95% CI	4051
Upper 95% CI	4760

Controls	observed	expected
Level I	4.2 +/- 0.1	4.5 +/- 1.5
Level II	15.5 +/- 0.0	18 +/- 5.5

4/16/01 IGFBP-3 ELISA Standard Curve Plate 4



		IGF1					
sample	patient	ng/ml	SEM		Stats		
1	628	155	3.6				
2	624	178	1.9		Number of values	41	
3	735	164	2.0				
4	761	85	0.7		Minimum	52.45	
5	504	133	0.7		25% Percentile	105.5	
6	3	169	0.5		Median	137.1	
7	782	105	0.5		75% Percentile	162.2	
8	795	52	0.4		Maximum	232.3	
9	28	99	0.4				
10	800	79	1.4		Mean	137.4	
11	32	153	0.0		Std. Deviation	43.47	
12	750	130	2.0		Std. Error	6.789	
13	584	84	2.7				
14	33	66	0.0		Lower 95% CI	123.7	
15	31	224	1.6		Upper 95% CI	151.1	
16	788	129	1.9				
17	654	107	0.1				
18	745	72	0.6				
19	10	74	1.7				
20	34	162	0.1				
21	41	173	0.3		control	observed	expected
22	4	153	0.9		Level I	101 +/- 6.7	100 +/- 25
23	14	107	0.0		Level II	336 +/- 13.9	300 +/- 75
24	535	170	2.2				
25	451	146	1.1		2/1/02	IGF1 ELISA	
26	611	153	1.8		Stand	lard Curve	
27	476	103	2.7		Otano	iai a Oui ve	
28	467	155	3.9	1	٦		
29	657	133	0.3	_			
30	38	172	1.1]		•	j
31	609	204	1.5] m 9 4 0			
32	36	219	3.6	5 0)-		
33	69	166	2.0	D		. kirkirkirkir	
34	792	134	2.3			- State Stat	
35	16	131	3.5	n a		Section 1	
36	748	139	2.7	e ₋1	-		
37	471	92	2.2	nae -1 ge	1		
38	525	161	3.9	9	4		
39	614	232	3.9	-			
40	105	133	3.0	-2			ĵ.
41	91	137	1.5		0 1	2	3
					log [i	ng/ml IGF1]	

		IGF1						
sample	patient	ng/ml	SEM			Stats		
1	115	75	1.5					
2	29	65	0.9			Number of values	41	
3	640	139	0.2					
4	63	131	0.8		1	Minimum	40.55	
5	92	228	1.3		:	25% Percentile	84.61	
6	528	116	1.2			Median	121.6	
7	70	134	0.8		1	75% Percentile	140.8	
8	612	229	0.8		1	Maximum	229.2	
9	15	109	2.6					
10	615	73	0.3		1	Mean	122.5	
11	758	145	7.5		1	Std. Deviation	44.87	
12	602	189	2.1			Std. Error	7.007	
13	770	197	1.0					
14	581	113	1.2			Lower 95% CI	108.3	
15	656	111	2.2		L	Jpper 95% CI	136.7	
16	769	138	0.2					
17	72	71	1.0					
18	626	71	4.9			<u>control</u>	observed	expected
19	565	130	2.2			Level I	83 +/3	100 +/- 25
20	618	83	2.4		1	Level II	296 +/- 13	300 +/- 75
21	540	122	0.5					
22	23	120	0.6					
23	762	185	3.1			2/8/02 IG	F1 ELISA	
24	90	149	0.0				rd Curve	
25	491	74	2.4			Standa	i a Cui ve	
26	73	85	3.3		1-			
27	508	41	2.1		1			
28	690	90	2.6	1				
29	747	114	6.1	78				.://.E
30	51	151	2.4	Jose DO nae F	0-			
31	520	125	0.9	ŏ		•		
32	727	145	2.1	ņ				
33	548	120	1.7	ë				
34	821	56	1.9	Ţ	-1-			
35	732	87	14.3	ğ Ψ				
36	485	71 425	1.8	φ				
37	145	125	13.8					
38	822 590	141	1.1		-2+		2	
39		137	2.1		0	1	2	3
40	513 550	188	3.9			log [ng/	/ml IGF1]	
41	559	152	5.4			- 5 L- 5	•	

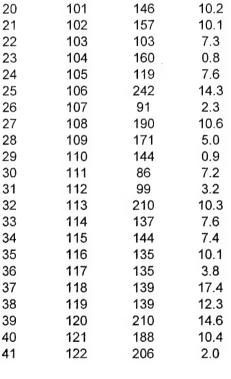
		IGF1					
sample	patient	ng/ml	SEM		Stats		
1	541	93	0.0				
2	482	234	3.8		Number of value	s 41	
3	607	183	1.2				
4	149	122	1.6		Minimum	67.51	
5	728	165	1.6		25% Percentile	113.5	
6	473	128	0.6		Median	130.8	
7	671	93	0.1		75% Percentile	175.7	
8	462	130	0.6		Maximum	233.6	
9	131	115	0.7				
10	465	75	0.4		Mean	141.9	
11	823	126	0.1		Std. Deviation	41.13	
12	486	131	0.4		Std. Error	6.424	
13	494	129	0.3				
14	642	101	0.3		Lower 95% CI	128.9	
15	150	137	0.3		Upper 95% CI	154.9	
16	603	151	0.9				
17	689	180	2.7				
18	83	95	0.9				
19	477	109	0.3				
20	464	178	0.2				
21	469	94	0.6		control	observed	expected
22	736	214	2.0		Level I	106 +/- 1.0	100 +/- 25
23	152	180	0.5		Level II	345 +/- 5.2	300 +/- 75
24	459	144	2.1				
25	556	133	0.4				
26	551	134	0.6		3/1/0	2 IGF1 ELISA	
27	480	187 106	0.8 0.6		Sta	ndard Curve	
28 29	644 88	108	1.6				
30	460	215	3.8		17		
31	596	127	0.4				
32	52	192	1.2				
33	583	176	0.3	1			Accordance
34	42	121	0.3	78	0-		and the same of th
35	85	147	3.0	D A		Appendix .	
36	759	217	0.9	D@ g@		gerran .	
37	601	123	3.1	å	-1-	and the same of th	
38	678	156	2.4	φ	- ' 7	SEPTERE	
39	552	189	3.6				
40	700	68	2.1				
41	559	114	0.9		-2		
					2 0 1	2	3
					log	[ng/ml IGF1]	

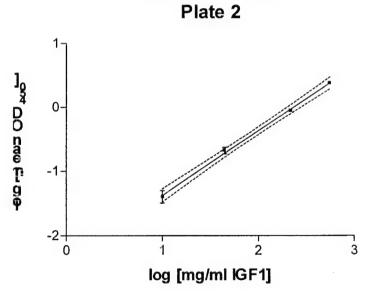
Р	ΙAΊ	ΓF	1

	PLAT								
	D 11 1	IGF1	0514			Ni wahar of values	44		
Sample	Patient	ng/ml	SEM			Number of values	41		
1	5	142	0.6			Minimaruna	71.44		
2	9	184	1.1			Minimum	71.44		
3	22	160	1.4			25% Percentile	116.6		
4	29	159	0.9			Median	132.9		
5	31	157	3.0			75% Percentile	156.9		
6	32	120	4.8			Maximum	295.3		
7	33	137	5.4				4 40 7		
8	34	85	2.5			Mean	140.7		
9	35	71	1.5			Std. Deviation	41.67		
10	36	133	1.8			Std. Error	6.507		
11	37	100	2.6						
12.	38	206	. 3.2			Lower 95% CI	127.5		
13	39	199	4.5			Upper 95% CI	153.8		
14	40	131	5.9						
15	41	190	1.6			Controls	observed	expected	
16	42	188	0.1			Level I	59 +/- 2.2	55 +/- 15	
17	43	185	3.9			Level II	202 +/4	215 +/- 60	
18	46	137	1.7						
19	48	117	3.4						
20	49	136	4.8						
21	50	110	8.0						
22	51	123	1.1			414.010			
23	52	202	0.6			4/16/0	1 IGF1 E	LISA	
24	53	116	0.7			Stan	dard Cu	rve	
25	55	136	2.9				Plate 1		
26	56	96	8.0				i iato i		
27	58	132	1.7		1¬				
28	59	122	0.7						
29	60	87	0.9	1					
30	61	134	1.9	Jost DO cae					
31	62	124	2.9	D ⁴	0-				
32	63	140	0.3	Б					
33	64	86	0.1	ņ					
34	65	139	1.5	a					
35	66	116	0.6	T	-1-				
36	67	128	0.5	T g P					
37	68	132	1.9	φ		·			
38	70	179	0.3						
39	71	115	3.3		-2+	Ţ		2	
40	72	120	0.4		0	1		2	3
41	73	295	2.0			loa l	mg/ml IG	F11	
						9 [-3	

	PLA	ΓE 2	
		IGF1	
Sample	Patient	ng/ml	SEM
1	75	178	3.6
2	77	146	1.0
3	78	148	2.1
4	79	146	0.3
5	80	130	0.3
6	82	185	1.2
7	84	156	0.6
8	85	89	4.4
9	88	218	2.2
10	89	111	4.5
11	89	104	4.5
12	.91	128	7.6
13	92	176	11.1
14	93	134	6.1
15	94	136	4.2
16	95	103	1.0
17	96	239	16.0
18	99	241	8.7
19	100	123	3.8
20	101	146	10.2
21	102	157	10.1

Number of values	41	
Minimum 25% Percentile Median 75% Percentile Maximum	85.83 128.3 144.2 176.4 241.6	
Mean Std. Deviation Std. Error	152.3 42.35 6.614	
Lower 95% CI Upper 95% CI	138.9 165.6	
Controls Level I Level II	observed 70.4 +/- 2.0 210 +/- 3.1	





4/16/01 IGF1 ELISA

Standard Curve

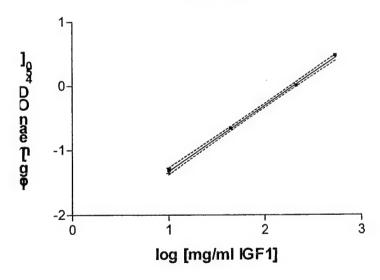
	PLA	TE 3 IGF1							
Camada	Detient		SEM						
Sample	Patient 123	ng/ml 163	5.4			Number of values	41		
1	123	123	5.4 5.4			Number of values	41		
2			3.4			Minimum	36.55		
3	125	129				25% Percentile	106.8		
4	126	87	2.1			Median	122.9		
5	127	134	2.8			75% Percentile	143.5		
6	128	117	4.0			Maximum	143.3		
7	129	152	5.3			Maximum	197		
8	130	51	1.5 2.0			Mean	125.2		
9	131	88				Std. Deviation	37.5		
10	132	121	4.9			Std. Error	5.856		
11	133	109	10.0			Sta. Entit	5.050		
12	134	52	4.9			Lower 95% CI	113.4	•	
13	135	113	1.5				13.4		
14	136	104	2.0			Upper 95% CI	137		
15	137	185	4.3			Controlo	obsonied	expected	
16	139	112	9.0			Controls Level I	observed 69 +/- 1.0	55 +/- 15	
17	140	123	5.4				206 +/- 4.2		
18	141	183	6.1			Level II	200 +1- 4.2	215 +/- 00	
19	142	162	2.8						
20	144	146	3.4						
21	145	63	6.0						
22	146	118	1.8			4/16/01	I IGF1 EL	.ISA	
23	147	100	3.9			Stan	dard Cur	ve	
24	148	121	9.8				Plate 3		
25	149	37 420	0.1				riale 3		
26	150	136	3.5		1_	,			
27	151	197	11.7						
28	151	182	6.0						
29 30	152	168	9.9 6.4] ₀					
31	153 155	143 129	7.9	¥	0-				
32	156	123	1.5	D				iliki ka	
				ņ					
33	156	135 138	0.9	ä					
34 35	157 159	107	1.9 9.7	ň	-1-				
	160	92	9.7 7.7	e T g e					
36 37	161	92 168	7.7 7.5	φ		g,			
37 38	162	115	7.5 5.5	-					
38 39	163	141	5.5 14.6		-2-			r	
39 40	164	92	7.6			0 1	2	2	3
41	165	92 174	7.6 4.4			log f	mg/ml IGF	11	
41	100	1/4	4.4			log [.1	

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	•	IGF1	
Samp	le Patient	ng/ml	SEM
1	166	127	3.9
2	167	260	3.5
3	168	162	3.1
4	169	112	7.3
5	170	146	0.3
6	172	185	10.0
7	173	135	4.1
8	174	133	4.2
9	175	161	3.3
10	176	146	2.3
11	177	179	5.3
12	178	.170	11.0
13	182	106	6.1
14	183	169	1.6
15	184	91	1.4
16	185	174	1.5
17	186	142	5.4
18	Crump	215	2.6
19	Darnell	133	2.8
20	Davis	115	3.4
21	Franko	164	5.6
22	Gerry	82	0.5
23	Harris	208	1.1
24	Key	116	4.4
25	Rogers	197	2.8

Number of values	25	
Minimum 25% Percentile Median 75% Percentile Maximum	81.9 127 145.7 170.5 260.2	
Mean Std. Deviation Std. Error	153 41.27 8.254	
Lower 95% CI Upper 95% CI	136 170	
Controls Level I Level II	observed 68 +/4 209 +/- 4.5	

4/16/01 IGF1 ELISA Standard Curve Plate 4



IGFBP-2

Assay Date:		11/21/01			12/1/2001	
sample dilution:			1:50			1:40
•	Sample No.	Pt No.	ng/ml	Sample No.	Pt. No.	ng/ml
	. 1	561	345.8	1	689	278.6
	2	496	447.0	2	462	
	3	472		3	83	284.7
	4	165	383.1	4	131	529.4
	5	163	1191.9	5	477	231.5
	6	159	435.0	6		
	7	164	475.4	7	464	1980.4
	8	470		8	823	
	9	155	477.7	9		266.3
	10	148	443.1	10		1043.7
	11	492		11	736	296.7
	. 12	153		12		399.0
	13	82	304.8	13		771.8
	14	604	783.9	14		322.9
	15	824	690.7	15		
	16	558	000.7	16		150.5
	17	682	346.2	17		
	18	553	621.4	18		548.0
	19	484	572.7	19		621.5
	20	86	475.8	20		170.5
	21	623	330.5	21	727	
	22	560	818.5	22		244.2
	23	638	1113.0	23		264.1
	24	562	279.9	24		316.2
	25	42	143.2	25		0,0.2
	26	84	287.5	26		
	27	583	410.0	27		627.8
	28	700	297.7	28		225.2
	29	552	787.4	29		228.6
	30	52	790.1	30		439.6
	31	678	349.9	31		1347.1
	32	596	652.1	32		597.7
	33	601	404.3	33		
	34	460	.0	34		305.0
	35	759		35		000.0
	36	88		36		1109.4
	37	85		37		401.7
	38	644		38		230.2
	39	480		39		306.1
	40	671	502.4	40		517.2
	40	071	302.4	40	100	317.2
	control 1		<2.5			5.8
	control 2		20.3			16.7

control ranges: control 1: 3.9 - 7.1 control 2: 12.6 - 23.4

IGFBP-2

	12/7/2001			2/14/2001	
		1:30			1:30
Sample No.	Pt. No.	ng/ml	Sample No.		ng/ml
1	636	370.3	1	502	832.3
2	106	518.9	2	107	617.0
3	685	462.6	3	64	543.5
4	478	381.2	4	74	506.4
5	112	585.5	5	500	1330.2
6	95	342.6	6	538	226.7
7	103	1723.4	7	47	528.1
8	708	179.0	8	78	2141.8
9	597	1777.9	9	616	244.9
10	668	359.9	10	79	828.5
11	598	410.3	11	65	328.4
12	67	283.4	12	789	268.2
13	516	249.3	. 13	791	. 343.1
14	755	733.0	14	544	810.3
15	456	200.8	15	705	698.9
16	99	377.9	16	56	581.9
17	55	374.6	17	794	462.3
18	756	406.5	18	767	304.2
19	691	298.2	19	772	274.4
20	60	1002.6	20	54	285.7
21	68	264.8	21	497	302.3
22	667	203.4	22	50	239.1
23	488	155.0	23	13	1245.3
24	71	81.8	24	505	548.1
25	765	160.9	25	557	266.6
26	701	87.8	26	729	908.9
27	746	280.1	27	726	1096.1
28	681	712.7	28	738	216.7
29	764	111.7	29	466	255.9
30	751	350.3	30	734	496.5
31	679	154.8	31	651	261.5
32	97	496.5	32	588	234.0
33	637	796.6	33	113	216.6
34	686	908.3	34	455	290.3
35	75		35	611	287.3
36	474	602.6	36	476	240.5
37	781	583.7	37	467	299.3
38	43	422.5	38	657	289.4
39	61	579.7	39	38	482.6
40	452	248.1	40	609	233.0
		7.2			6.1
		20.2			24.8

IGFBP-2

12/16/2001

		1:30
Sample No. F	Pt. No.	ng/ml
1	36	252.3
2	69	1431.1
3	792	303.4
4	16	253.7
5	748	729.8
6	471	386.0
7	525	307.9
8	614	77.8
9	105	209.5
10	91	207.6
11	115	
12	29	545.2
13	640	626.6
14	63	507.1
15	528	235.2
16	92	399.9
17	612	350.9
18	70	620.7
19	615	619.5
20	15	342.8
21	602	1013.1
22	758	284.2
23	581	315.9
24	770	399.4
25	769	577.4
26	656	365.9
27	626	527.8
28	72	1055.9
29	618	312.3
30	565	698.3
31	23 540	1002.8 446.5
32	540 90	345.4
33 34	762	421.6
35	628	98.0
36	624	537.3
37	735	286.5
38	761	294.3
39	504	218.3
40	3	766.5
-10		, 00.0

6.0 20.0

IGFBP-2

Assay date:	########	12/1/2001	12/7/2001	#########	#########
Stats Number of values	29	30	39	40	39
Minimum	143.2	150.5	81.8	216.6	77.84
25% Percentile	346.2	265.2	248.7	264	290.4
Median	447	319.5	374.6	316.3	386
75% Percentile	621.4	572.9	581.7	599.5	598.5
Maximum	1192	1980	1778	2142	1431
Mean	522.8	501.9	467.7	514.2	471.1
Std. Deviation	247.1	402.4	374.4	393.6	284.2
Std. Error	45.88	73.46	59.95	62.23	45.51
Lower 95% CI	428.8	351.6	346.3	388.3	379
Upper 95% CI	616.8	652.1	589	640	563.3

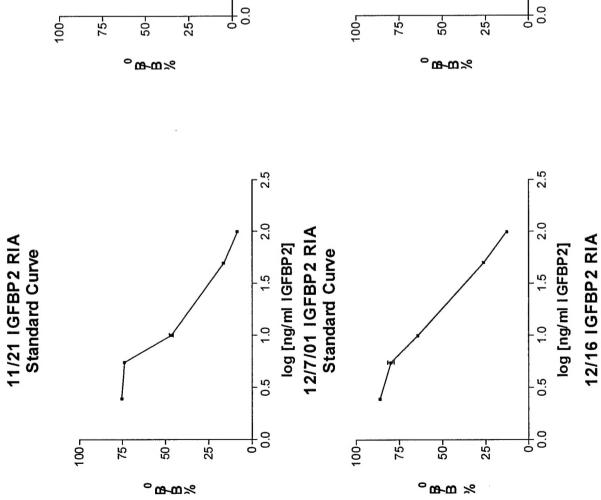
2.5

2.0

1.5

0.5

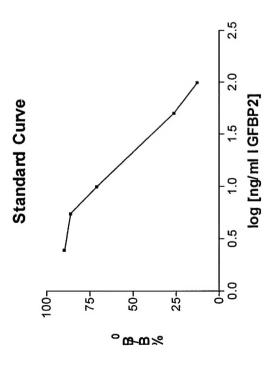
log [ng/ml IGFBP2]



2.5 2.0 12/14 IGFBP2 RIA **12/1 IGFBP2 RIA** Standard Curve Standard Curve log [ng/ml] 0.5 | 0: 1007 1001 25-75-50-75-50-

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Standard Curve



Meeting abstracts during reporting period:

None in connection with this project

Publications during reporting period:

None in connection with this project

Manuscripts in preparation:

None in connection with this project

Personnel receiving pay from this negotiated effort (2001):

Everett Dodson Kevin Cullen, M.D. Tanya Agurs-Collins, Ph.D.